Keeping Things Running

Preventative Maintenance



34th Annual PCC Conference, False Creek Harbour, B.C. By: Lon A. White & Bob Freeauf

Preventative Maintenance

"The act of fixing something before it breaks"

Planning
Facility Inspections
Budgeting
Scheduling

Group Discussion:
Maintenance Techniques

Why Do Preventative Maintenance?

- Marine facilities are costly to build and generally require more maintenance than other facilities.
- Marine environment causes accelerated wear & tear
- Often wear & tear goes undetected (underwater)
- Generally more susceptible to damage from:
 - Weather
 - Corrosive environment
 - Users
- Don't wait for it to break, cause injury, or excessive damage before you fix it.

A Good Preventative Maintenance Program:

- ✓ Reduces risk/ liability
- ✓ Helps prevent loss or major damage
- ✓ Increases life of facilities
- ✓ Protects your investment
- ✓ Keeps long-term maintenance costs down
- ✓ Minimizes down time and lost revenue

Develop Long-term Maintenance & Replacement Plan

- ✓ Helps finance people prepare for future expense
- ✓ Keeps your community & leaders informed
- ✓ Allows for more scheduling flexibility
- ✓ Improves funding opportunities
- ✓ Keeps costs down

Maintenance can generally be grouped into two categories:

Scheduled

- Planned major repairs
- Required service, inspection or certification
- Completing deferred maintenance

Unscheduled

- Safety issues (Needs immediate attention)
- Damage control

Create a Maintenance task List

- Use Wall Calendar
- Notebook or journal
- Computer maintenance program

Master Perodic Inspection-task list.doc

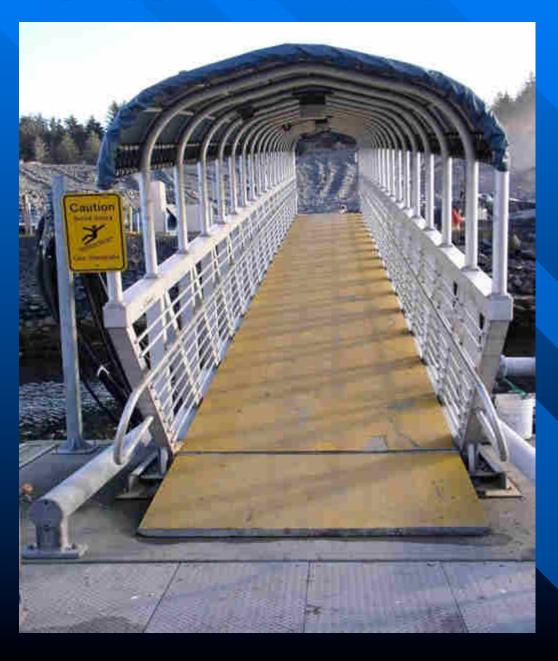
- ■STEP 1-Inventory your Assets:
 - **✓** Docks
 - ✓ Piers
 - ✓ Floats
 - ✓ Grids
 - ✓ Buildings
 - ✓ Launch ramps
 - ✓ Dry Stack

- ✓ Upland
- ✓ Parking Areas
- ✓ Haul out facilities
- ✓ Fueling facilities
- ✓ Breakwaters
- ✓ Floating attenuators
- ✓ Bulkheads
- Equipment

- STEP 2-Gather info for each facility:
 - ✓ Design drawings
 - ✓ Specifications
 - ✓ Maintenance history
 - ✓ Previous inspection reports
 - ✓ Maps
 - **✓** Photos

- STEP 3-Create inspection checklists:
 - Method of mapping and documenting findings
 - ✓ Field diagrams
 - ✓ Itemized components
 - ✓ Use field codes and a grading system
 - ✓ Take photos
 - ✓ Keep it simple
 - ✓ Use waterproof paper

Checklist Items



Gangways:

- Decking- fastenings, nonskid, deck secure
- ✓ Rails- sound, smooth
- Cord members, weld or bolt condition
- ✓ Fixed end fasteningshinges
- ✓ Rolling end- freedom of roll, condition of roller & wheels, guides
- Transition plate- smooth, secure
- Cables & pipes hanging from gangway
- Lateral movementsideways
- ✓ Covering- secure, water tight
- ✓ Signage, lighting

Gangway Inspection Checklist

STRUCTURE	Top & Bottom Chords	Web Members	Hinge	Side sway	Skid Resistant Surface	Steepness	Float Buoyancy	Signing	Lighting
Gangway:									
Sheikof Ramp									
Dock 1 Ramp									
SHH Ramp 1									
SHH Ramp 2									
CTF Ramp									

Facility Inspections

- STEP 4- Conduct facility inspections
 - ✓ Should be part of the daily routine
 - ✓ More detailed inspections should be done semi annually or annually (by qualified staff)
 - ✓ Professional inspection: every 3 to 5 years or as required.
 - By: engineers, electricians, divers, etc.
 - For: certification, calibration, load ratings...

Reporting & Documentation

- Provide staff with the tools to report & document damage:
 - ✓ Inspection checklists
 - ✓ Activity logs
 - ✓ Accident reports
 - ✓ Incident report forms
 - ✓ Hazard reports
 - ✓ Use Outlook

Follow Through

- STEP 5-Make sure the repairs get done!
 - ✓ Compile inspection data
 - ✓ Generate final report & recommendations
 - ✓ Conduct repairs in- house or
 - ✓ Develop a project for Contractor
 - Budget considerations?
 - Define scope of work
 - Prep bid documents
 - Get bids (unit prices)
 - Schedule work
 - ✓ Document completion of work

Maintenance Budget

- Funding sources:
 - ✓ From operating revenue
 - ✓ Community development funds
 - ✓ Bonds, loans, etc...
 - **✓** Grants
 - ✓ Reimbursement for damages
 - ✓ Other?



Scheduling

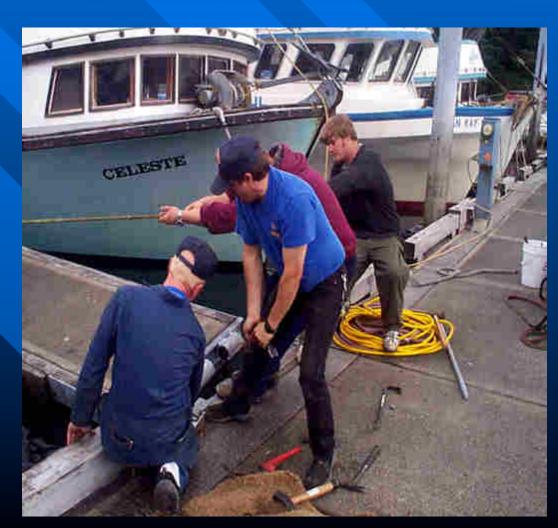
- Scheduling Considerations:
 - ✓ Construction season
 - ✓ Contractor/ material availability
 - ✓ User disruption/ busy season
 - ✓ Environmental window/ permit restrictions
 - ✓ Lost revenue/ down time
 - **✓** funding

Maintenance Techniques

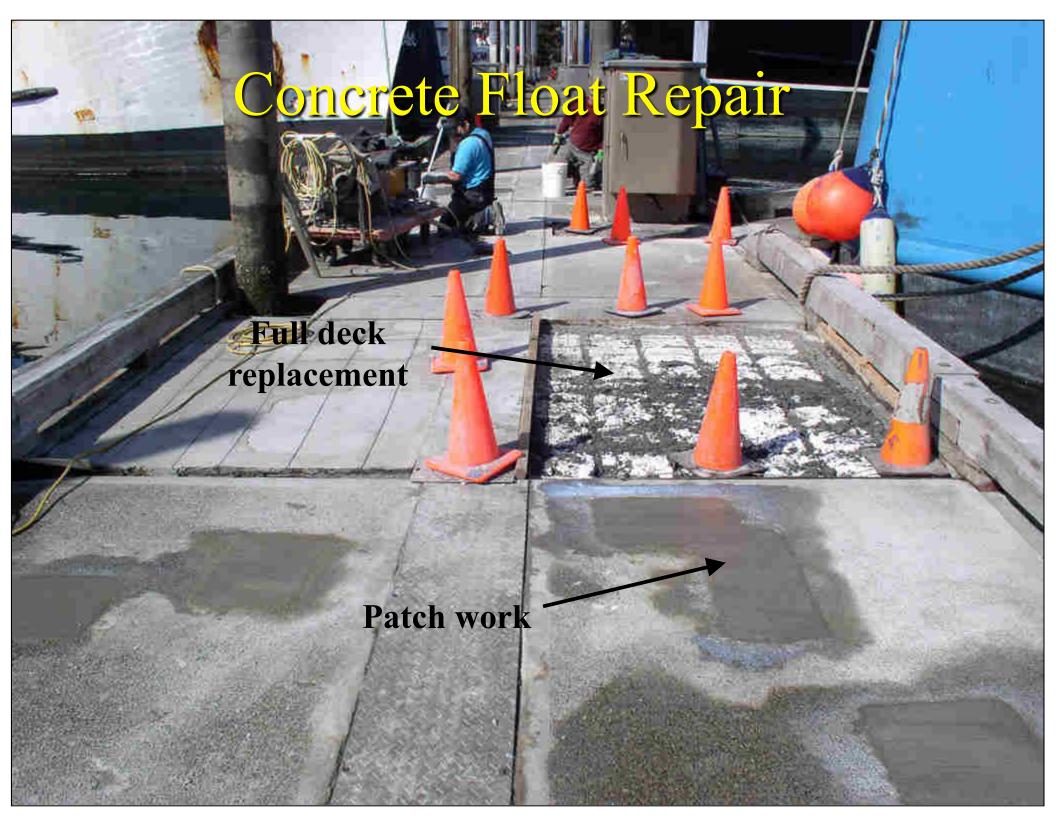
Group discussion: What's your biggest maintenance

issues?

- Concrete floats
- Wood floats
- **Electrical**
- Docks & Piers
- Other?







Float Decks

Concrete deck problems





Cleat & Bullrails







Float units attachment



Float to float connections

■ Timber walers





Float to float connections

■ Timber walers

Low Freeboard

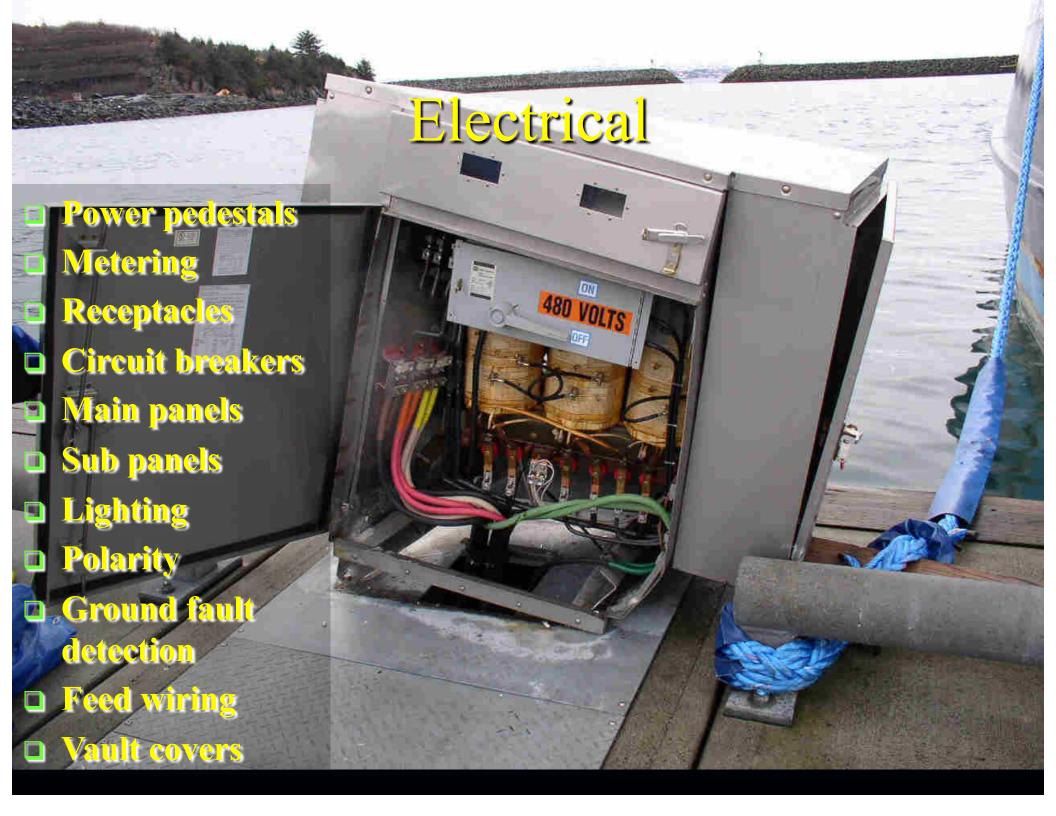


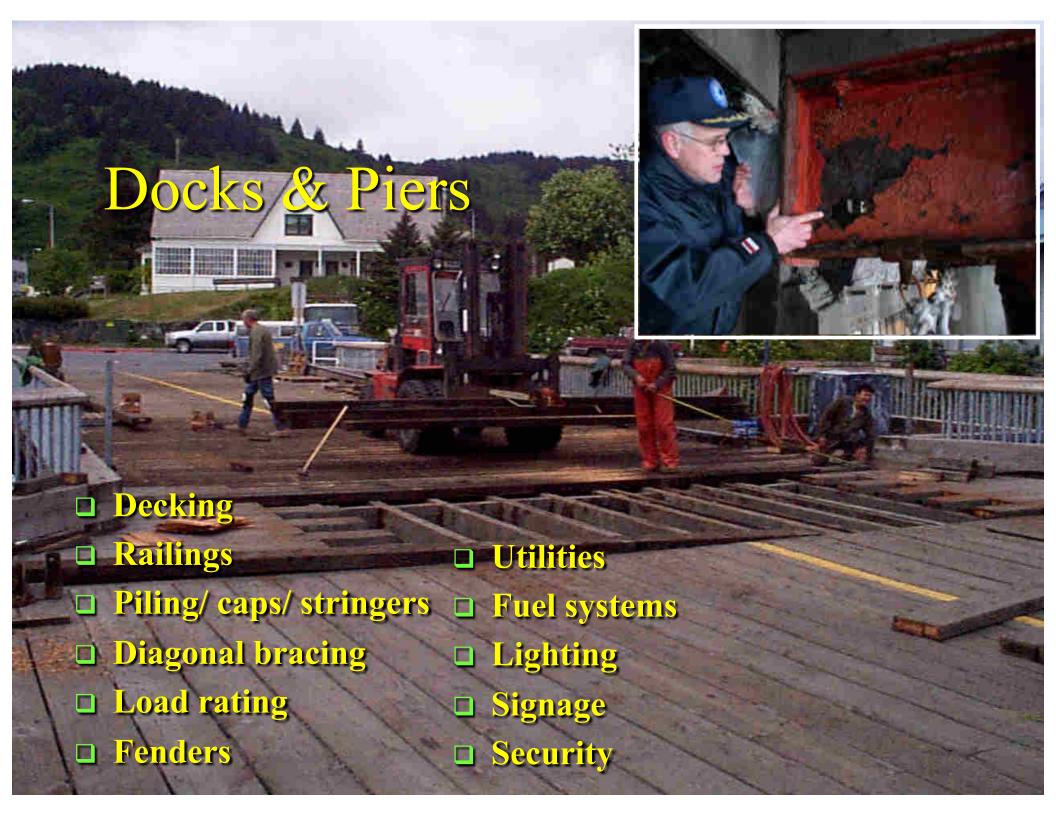
Wood Float Repair

- Decking
- **■** Bull rails
- Whalers
- **□** Floatation
- Cleats/ bollards
- □ Pile collars/ piling
- **□** Connection hardware
- **□** Fenders
- Utilities
- **□** signage



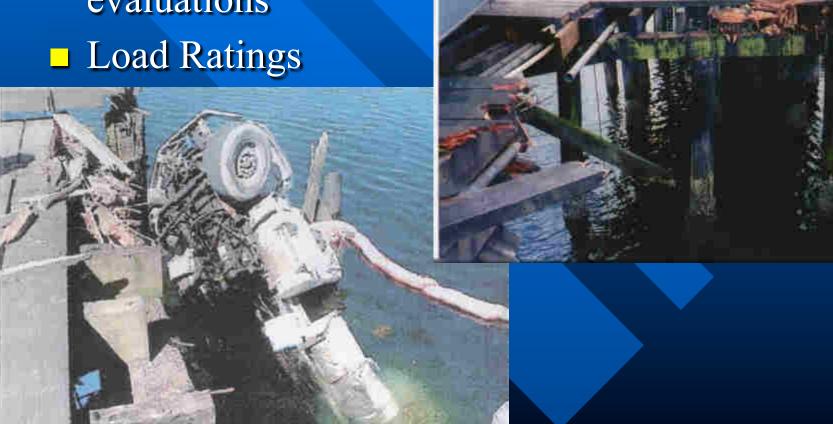






Docks & Piers

Structural evaluations



Destructive Inspection



Stages of Pile Damage

■ Worn piles







Timber Piles

■ Worn piles









Reference Materials & Information Sources

- Marinas & Small Craft Harbors, 2nd Addition By: Bruce O. Tobiasson P.E & Ronald C. Kollmeyer, Ph.D.
- Northern Harbors & Small Ports, Operation and Maintenance, By: Alan Sorum
- PND Engineers, Inc. Kodiak Harbors Facility
 Condition Report, Jon Keiser

USE PCC NET!