

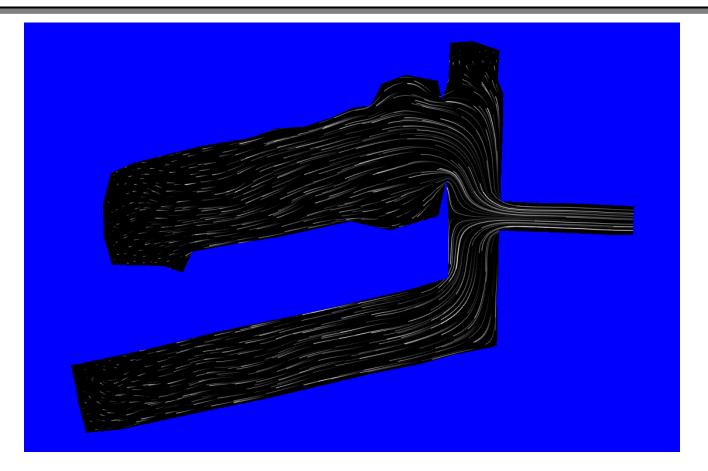
Harbor Definition



- Approach
- Entrance
- Interior
- Adjacent shore

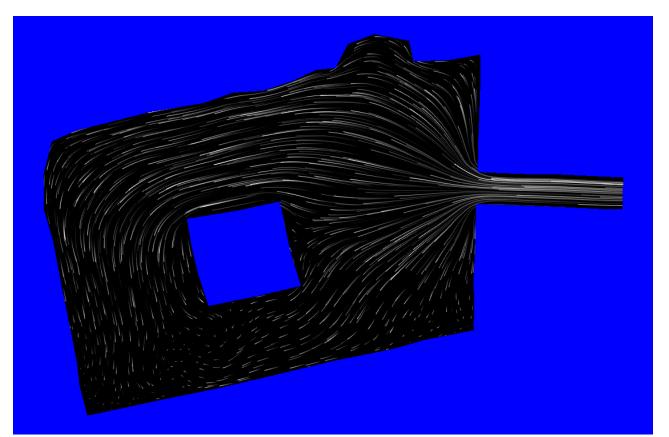
## Modern Marina Design Considers Water Quality as the "Green" Standard

### Linear Basin Flushing Behavior



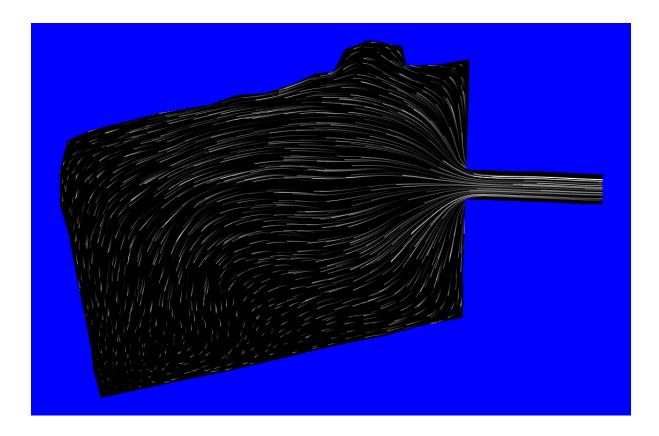
• Poor water exchange to back of basins

#### Island Basin Flushing Behavior



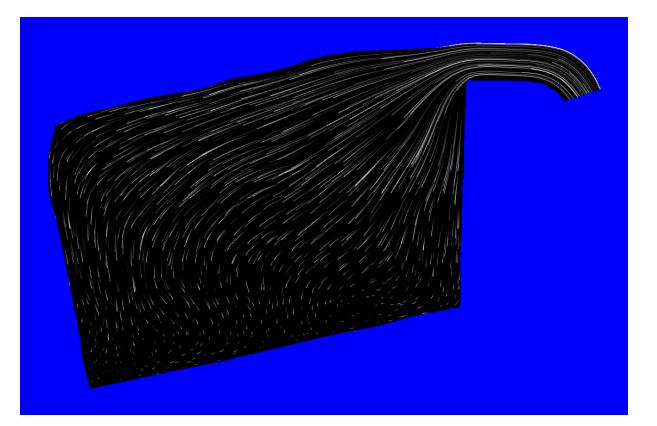
• Reasonable circulation with 75% open basin

## **Open** Low-Aspect Basin Flushing



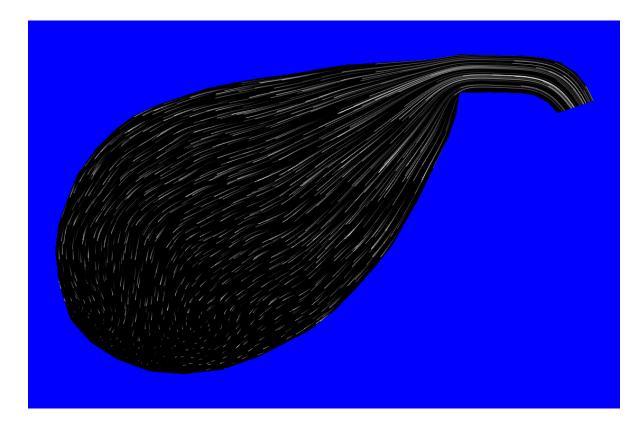
• Better circulation except in corners

### **Offset Entrance Flushing Behavior**



• Strong circulation around basin

## Teardrop Basin Flushing Behavior

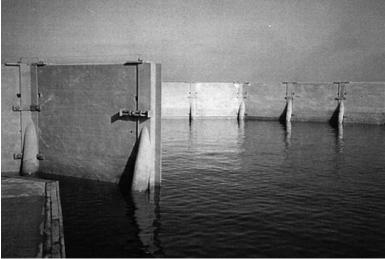


• Full flushing and circulation

### **Typical Harbor Protection Needs**

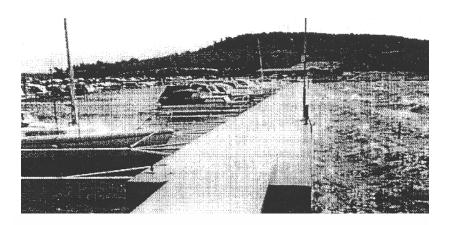
#### Breakwaters

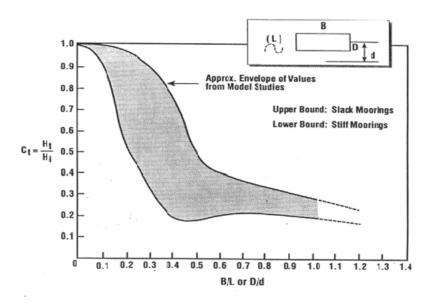




- As the Engineer wanted it
  - Wide footprint
  - Solid core/blocks waves
  - Rough/porous surface
    - As the Regulators dictated it
      - Zero footprint/
        Open/porous near
        bottom
      - Partially blocks plus reflects waves

#### Floating Attenuators



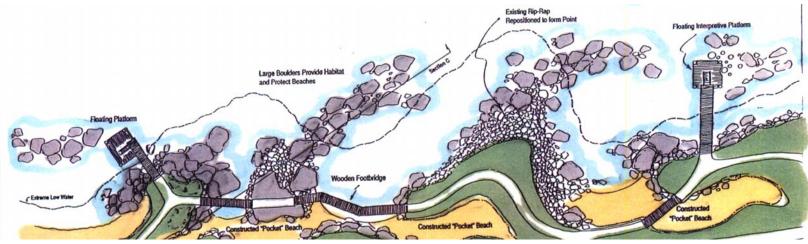


- Partially block waves
- Only work up to 3 4 second wave periods
- Floats may need to reach to half the water depth to work
- Floats may need to be 30 ft wide to work

#### Typical "Green" Shoreline Details



- Target specific habitat types
- Develop 3-D solutions for hydraulics and behavioral needs
- Incorporate aesthetic
  elements



### "Green" designed Breakwaters and Shoreline Protection



- Replace continuous walls and revetments with segmented structures and beaches
- Reverse engineer structure composition to conform with the biotic community needs

# Properly Detailed Harbors Offer Tranquility and Good Water Quality



 Rectangular basins have poor circulation and are agitated  Curved basins flush better and are more tranquil



