Keeping Things Running

Preventative Maintenance



Presentation for PCC Conference, Friday Harbor, April 2007 By: Lon A. White & Ray Majeski,

Preventative Maintenance

"The act of fixing something before it breaks"

Planning
Facility Inspections
Budgeting
Scheduling
Group Discussion:
Maintenance Techniques

Why Do Preventative Maintenance?

- Marine facilities are costly to build and generally require more PM than most upland facilities.
 - ✓ Marine environment causes accelerated wear & tear
 - ✓ Wear & tear goes undetected (underwater)
 - ✓ Generally more susceptible to damage:
 - Weather
 - Corrosive environment
 - Users
- Don't wait for it to break, cause injury or excessive damage before you fix it.

PM- The key to facility safety & long-term survival

- A good PM program:
 - ✓ Reduces risk/ liability
 - ✓ Helps prevent loss or major damage
 - ✓ Minimizes down time & lost revenue
 - ✓ Increases life of facilities
 - ✓ Protects your investment
 - ✓ Keeps long-term maintenance costs down

Develop Long-term Maintenance & Replacement Plan

Important planning & budgeting tool:

- ✓ Helps finance people prepare for future expense
- ✓ Keeps your community leaders informed
- ✓ Allows for more scheduling flexibility
- ✓ Improves funding opportunities
- ✓ Keeps costs down

Maintenance Planning

Maintenance can generally be grouped into two categories:

Unscheduled

- Needs immediate attention (safety issue)
- Damage control

Scheduled

- Planned major repairs
- Required service, inspection or certification
- Completing deferred maintenance

Maintenance Planning

STEP 1-Inventory your Assets:

- **✓** Docks
- ✓ Piers
- **✓** Floats
- **✓** Grids
- ✓ Buildings
- ✓ Launch ramps
- ✓ Dry Stack

- ✓ Upland
- ✓ Parking Areas
- ✓ Haul out facilities
- ✓ Fueling facilities
- ✓ Breakwaters
- Floating attenuators
- **Bulk**heads
- **Equipment**

(Itemize all components for each facility)

Create Inspection Checklists

- STEP 2-Gather info for each facility:
 - ✓ Design drawings
 - Specifications
 - ✓ Maintenance history
 - Previous inspection reports
 - ✓ Maps
 - ✓ Photos

- STEP 3-Create detailed inspection checklists:
 - Field diagrams
 - ✓ Itemize components
 - Use field codes & grading system
 - Method of mapping/ documenting findings
 - **Take** photos
 - **Keep** it simple
 - ✓ Use waterproof paper

Checklist Items



Gangways:

- Decking- fastenings, nonskid, deck secure
- ✓ Rails- sound, smooth
- Cord members, weld or bolt condition
- ✓ Fixed end fasteningshinges
- ✓ Rolling end- freedom of roll, condition of roller & wheels, guides
- Transition plate- smooth, secure
- ✓ Cables & pipes hanging from gangway
- Lateral movementsideways
- Covering- secure, water tight
- Signage

Gangway Inspection Checklist

| STRUCTURE | Top& Bottom Chords | Web Members | Hinge | Sidesway | Skid Resistant Surface | Steepness | Float Buoya ncy | Signing | Lighting |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Gangway | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheikok Ramp | | | | | | | | | |
| Dock 1 Ramp | | | | | | | | | |
| SHH Ramp 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| SHH Ramp 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| CTF Ramp | | | | | | | 7 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Float Inspection Checklist

| | FLOAT ITEMS | | | | | | | | | WATER |
|----------------|----------------------|------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------|-----------|-----------------|------|----------|
| STRUCTURE | Bullrail & Cleats | Deck | Walers/ Thru Rods | Floatation (Billets) | Float Connections | Pile Hoops | Freeboard | Utility Hangers | Туре | SYSTEMS |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| B-FLOAT | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mainwalk Float | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Slip# | | | | | | | | | | , |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | |

Facility Inspections

- STEP 4- Conduct facility inspections
 - ✓ Should be part of the daily routine
 - ✓ More detailed inspections should be done semi annually or annually (by qualified staff)
 - ✓ Professional inspection every 3 to 5 years or as required.
 - By: engineers, electricians, divers...
 - For: certification, calibration, load ratings...

Documentation

- Give your staff tools to inspect facilities, report & document damage:
 - ✓ Inspection checklists
 - ✓ Activity logs
 - ✓ Accident reports
 - ✓ Incident report forms
 - ✓ Hazard reports
 - ✓ Use Outlook

Follow Through

- STEP 5-Make sure the repairs get done!
 - ✓ Compile inspection data:
 - Summary of findings
 - Photo documentation
 - ✓ Generate final report & recommendations
 - ✓ Conduct repairs in- house Or
 - ✓ Develop a project for outsource
 - Budget considerations?
 - Define scope of work
 - Prep bid documents
 - Get bids (unit prices)
 - Schedule work
 - ✓ Document completion of work

Maintenance Budget

- Budget Items:
 - ✓ Unscheduled R&M
 - ✓ Scheduled R&M
 - ✓ Replacement
 - ✓ Capital improvements
 - ✓ New Facilities
- Get budget estimates:
 - ✓ In House staff
 - ✓ Engineer
 - ✓ Contractor
 - ✓ Suppliers
 - ✓ Permits etc...

- Budget for:
 - Engineering/ design / inspection/ admin
 - ✓ Construction
 - Materials
 - Permits
 - Mobilization
 - ✓ Contingency (20%)
- Rule of thumb:
 - Budget 2% to 5% of
 - facilities original cost for maintenance annually

 $(10m \times 2\% = 200k)$

Maintenance Budget

- Funding sources:
 - ✓ From operating revenue
 - ✓ Community development funds
 - ✓ Bonds, loans, etc...
 - **✓** Grants
 - ✓ Reimbursement for damages
 - ✓ Other?



Scheduling

- Scheduling Considerations:
 - ✓ Construction season
 - ✓ Contractor/ material availability
 - ✓ User disruption/busy season
 - ✓ Environmental window/ permit restrictions
 - ✓ Lost revenue/ down time
 - **✓** funding

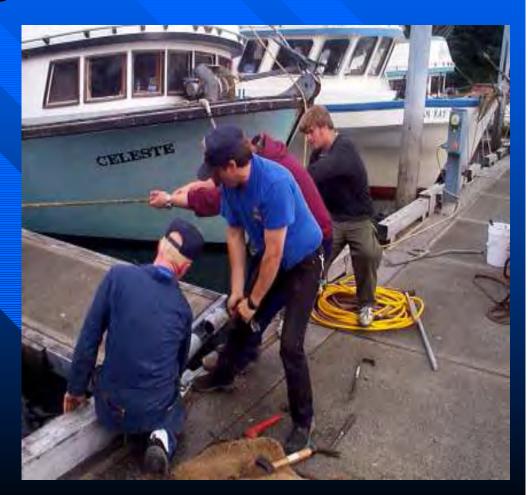
Maintenance Techniques

What are your biggest maintenance

issues?

Group discussion:

- Concrete floats
- Wood floats
- **Electrical**
- Docks & Piers
- And more.....







Float Decks

Concrete deck problems





Float Decks

Concrete edge spalls







Cleat & Bullrails



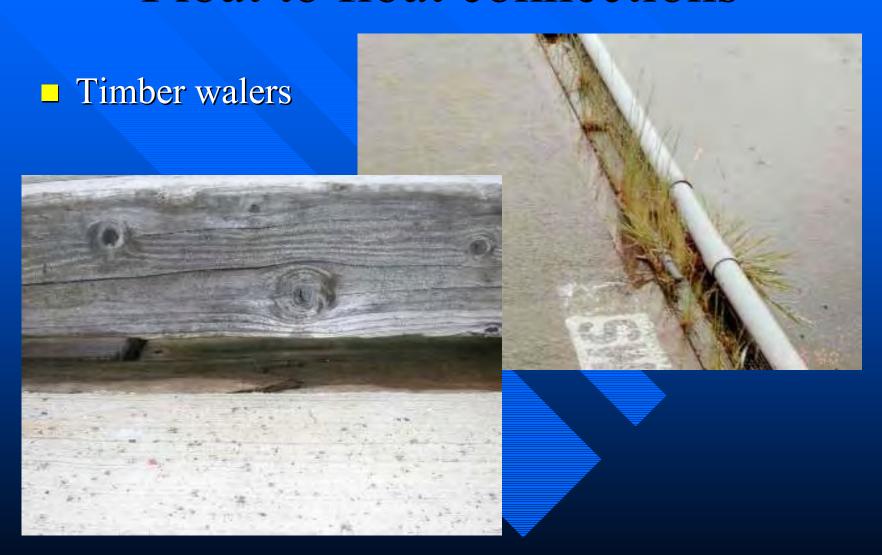




Float units attachment



Float to float connections



Float to float connections

■ Timber walers

Low Freeboard





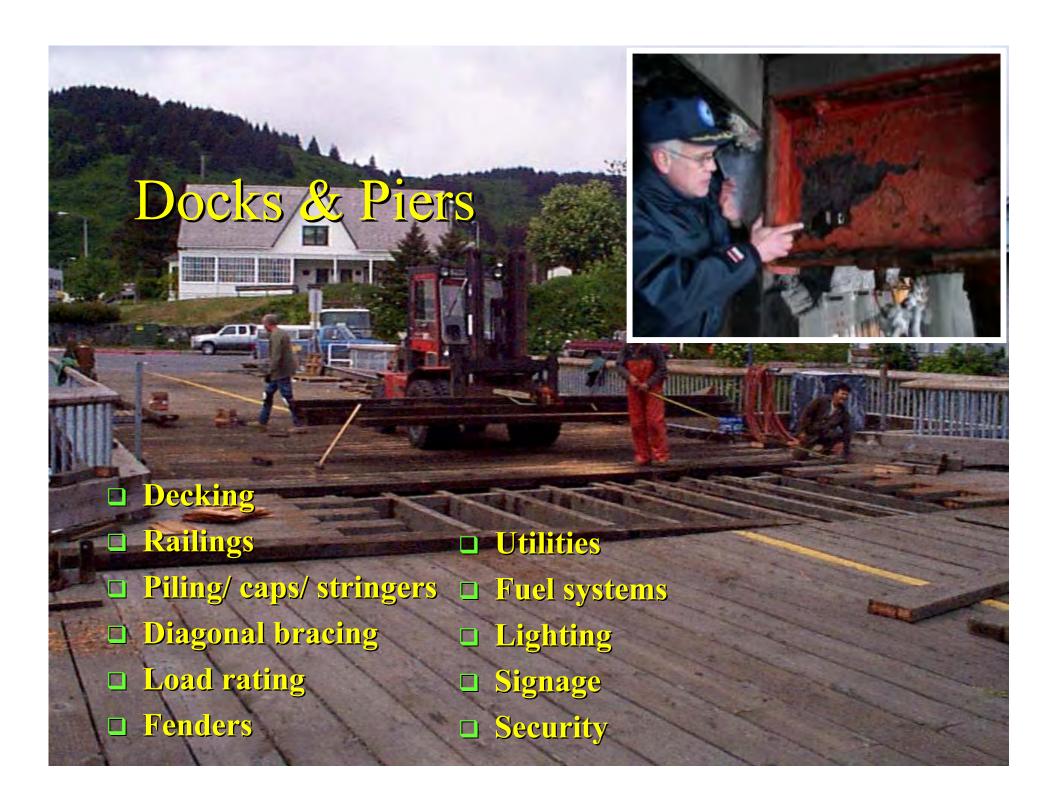
Wood Float Repair

- □ Decking
- □ Bull rails
- Whalers
- **□** Floatation
- □ Cleats/ bollards
- □ Pile collars/ piling
- Connection hardware
- **□** Fenders
- Utilities
- **□** signage









Docks & Piers

Structural evaluations



Destructive Inspection



Stages of Pile Damage



Timber Piles

■ Worn piles







Reference Materials & Information Sources

- Marinas & Small Craft Harbors, 2nd Addition By: Bruce O. Tobiasson P.E & Ronald C. Kollmeyer, Ph.D.
- Northern Harbors & Small Ports, Operation and Maintenance, By: Alan Sorum
- PND Engineers, Inc. Kodiak Harbors Facility
 Condition Report, Jon Keiser
- USE PCC NET!