

Tsunami Preparedness, Response, and Mitigation in California

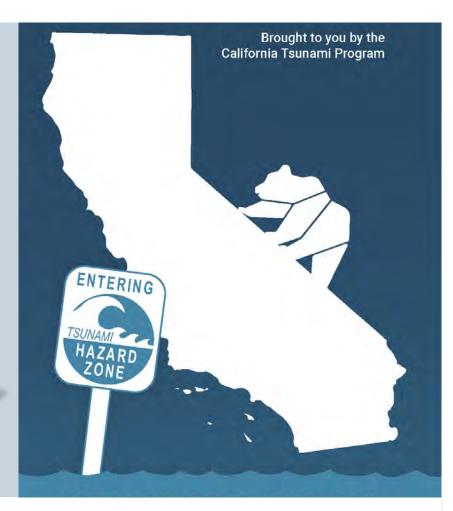
PCC Harbormaster Conference Eureka, CA



California Tsunami Program

"Planning for the Next Tsunami"

Coordinated with 20 coastal counties, 100 coastal cities, other states, and consulting partners.























Are we in the Tsunami Hazard Area Now?



Santa Cruz Harbor - 2011





Santa Cruz Harbor - 2022

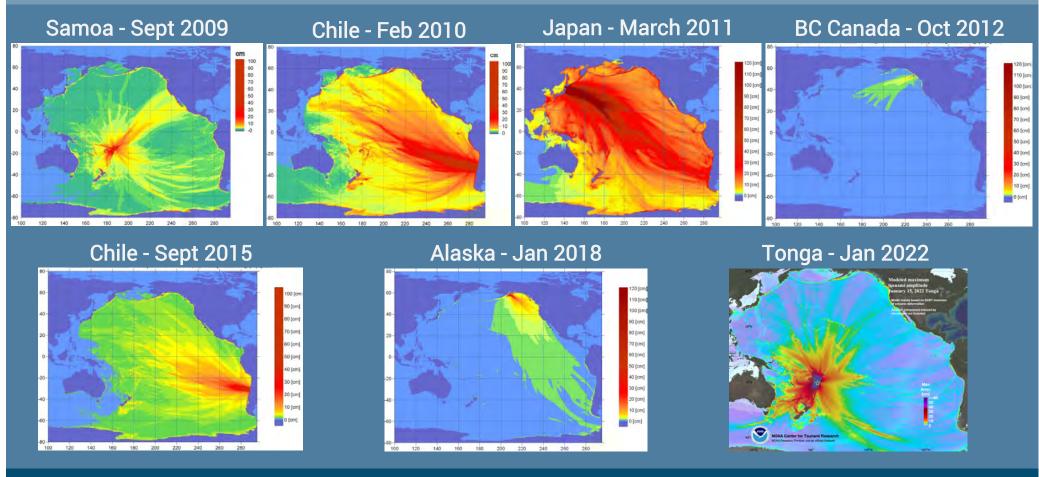




Crowd Control and Keeping People Off Docks



Notable Tsunamis in the Last ~12-Years



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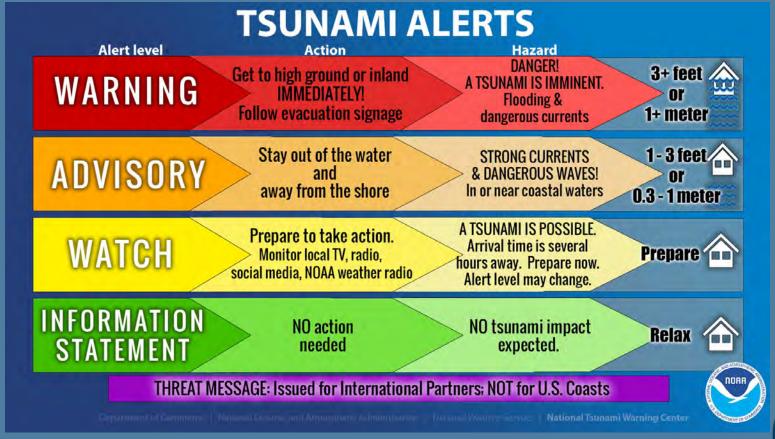


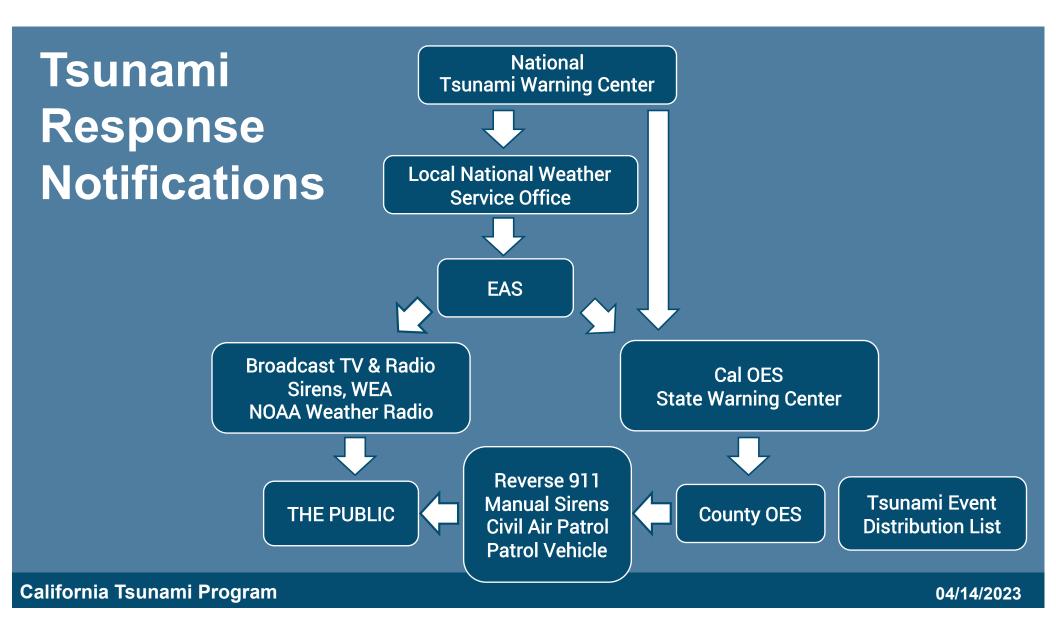
Tsunami Event Communication & Alerting Procedures





Tsunami Notification Process





CA Tsunami Notification Process

California State Warning Center

✓ Notification to County Warning Points or PSAPs (Usually Sheriff's Dispatch)

Tsunami Event Distribution List (secondary or tertiary, not primary)

- ✓ Tsunami Program Contacts: Text, Email, Phone
- ✓ Notification Contains:
 - Info Regarding Tsunami Event (What we Know)
 - **Conference Call Information**
 - Online link to data/documents (e.g., Box.com)
 - Playbook Recommendations for Maritime & Evacuation





Google Earth & GIS map data

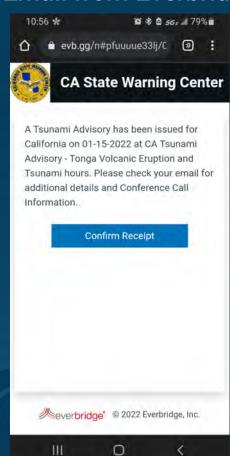
Begin Conference Call Process

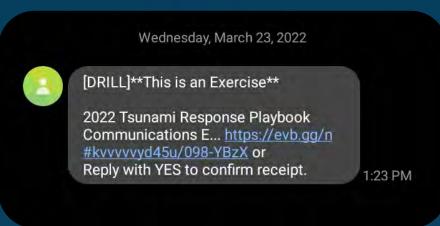


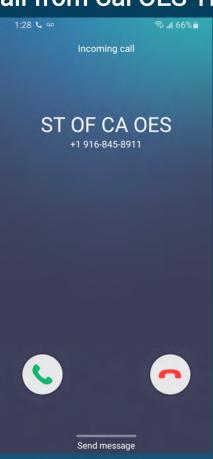


Text from Cal OES TEDL

Call from Cal OES TDEL









Understanding Tsunami Hazards in California

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Historic California Tsunamis

More than 150 tsunamis have been recorded along the California coastline since 1800

1964 tsunami from a M9.2 earthquake from Alaska 12 lives lost in California

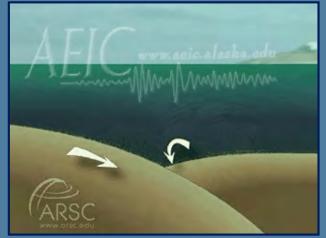
2011 tsunami from a M9.1 earthquake offshore from Japan caused more than \$100 million in damage to CA, there was one fatality

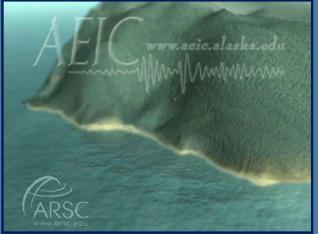
2022 tsunami from Tonga volcanic eruption caused ~\$11.5 million in damage in CA

How are tsunamis generated?

~85% of tsunamis are caused by earthquakes below the ocean floor.

~15% of tsunamis comes from landslides, volcanic eruptions, meteors, and meteotsunamis (weather), and other significant water disruptions.







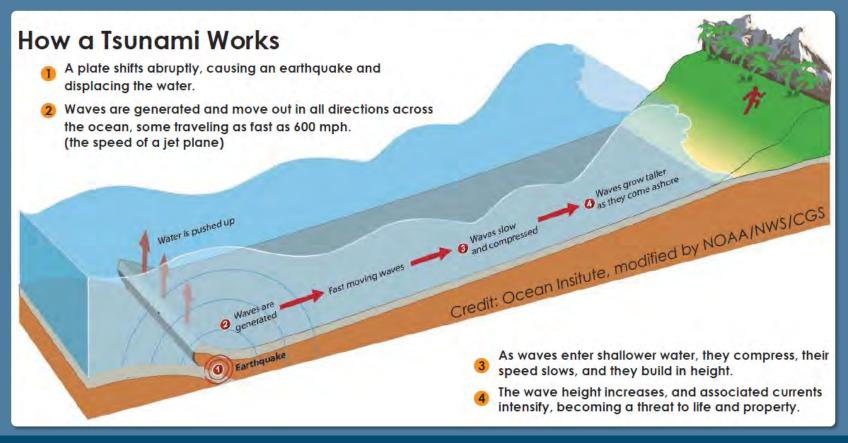
Earthquakes

Landslides

Meteotsunami



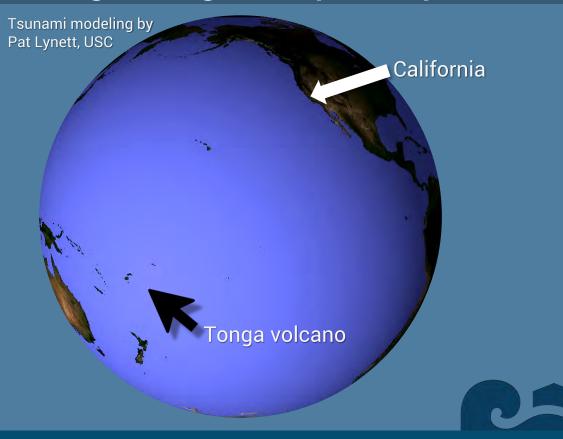
How are tsunamis generated? Most tsunamis are caused by earthquakes below the ocean floor





How are tsunamis generated? January 15, 2022 - Hunga Tonga-Hunga Ha'apai Eruption

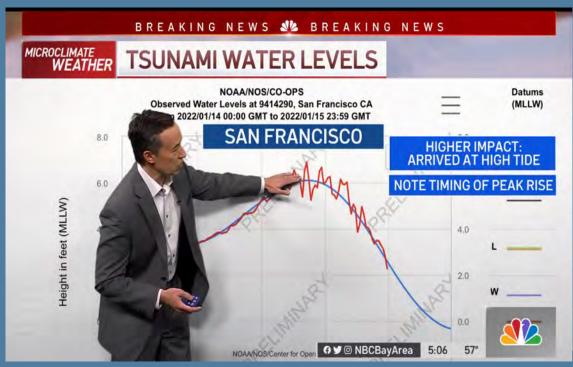




How are tsunamis generated?

January 15, 2022 - Hunga Tonga-Hunga Ha'apai Eruption





How is a tsunami different from regular waves?

Tsunami Waves

- dangerous, unpredictable, and no face to surf
- waves flood the land like a wall of water



- A tsunami has many surges
- This first surge is almost never the largest
- The danger period can last 24 hours or more
- Tidal levels can affect the impacts of a tsunami

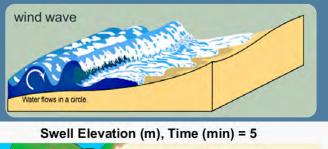
Regular Waves

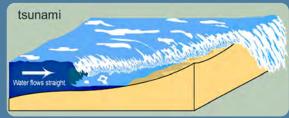
waves come and go without flooding higher areas

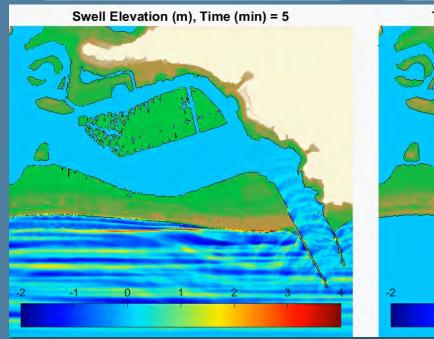


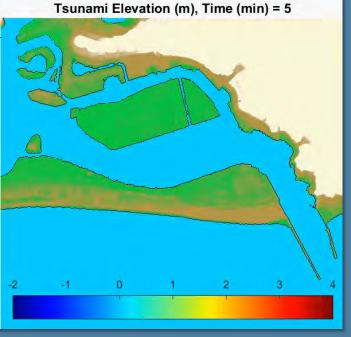
- A regular wave breaks along the coast creating a circular, curling wave
- · Waves flow on shore then out in less than a minute
- You can surf a regular wave

Coastal Impacts – Swell vs Tsunami









Modeling at
Newport Beach
performed by
Pat Lynett,
USC

Tsunami Hazards for Ports, Harbors, & Boaters

- Strong and unpredictable currents
- Eddies/whirlpools
- Sudden water-level fluctuations
- Tsunami bores and amplified waves
- Drag on deep draught boats
- Collision
- Scour and sedimentation
- Long lasting dangerous tsunami conditions
- Environmental hazards



Can I surf a tsunami?





Some of the rescue swimmers dispatched by the San Francisco Fire Department at Ocean Beach.
 San Francisco Fire Department/Twitter

"You have to understand that we usually don't rescue surfers," he added. "It's usually people who go out in the water for the first time. These are all vetted, experienced surfers who went out... That's just how aggressive the waves were."

NO! Tsunami waves are different from regular waves.

What does a tsunami look like?



What does a tsunami look like?



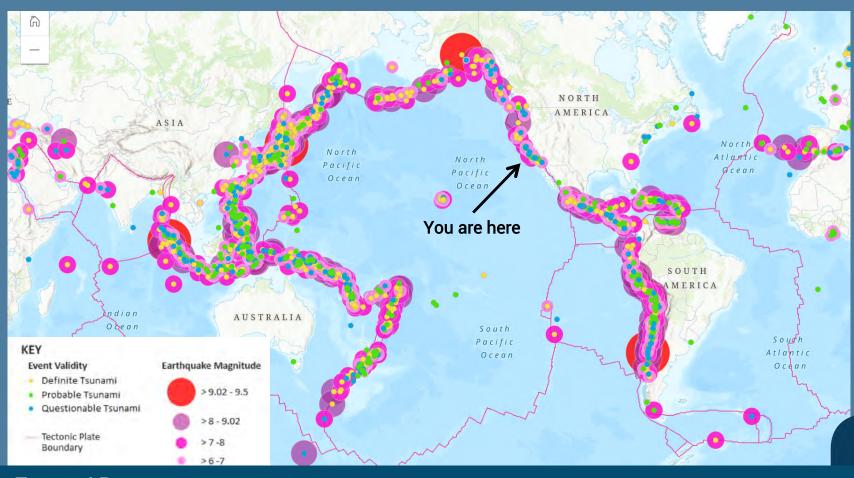
04/14/2023

What does a tsunami look like?





Where do tsunamis occur?



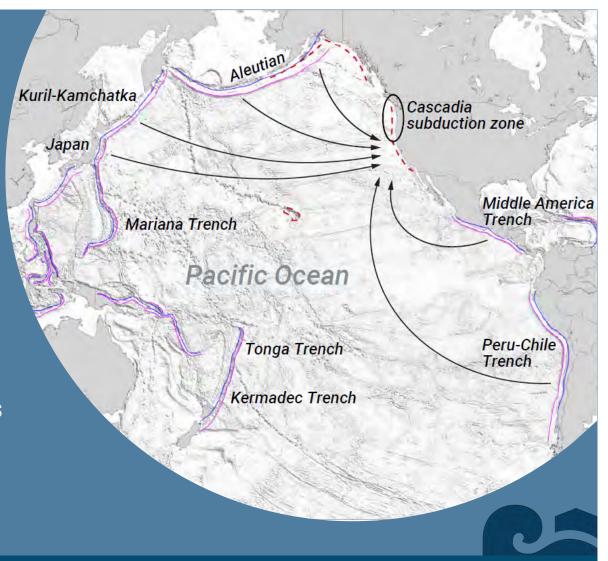
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Distant vs Local Tsunamis

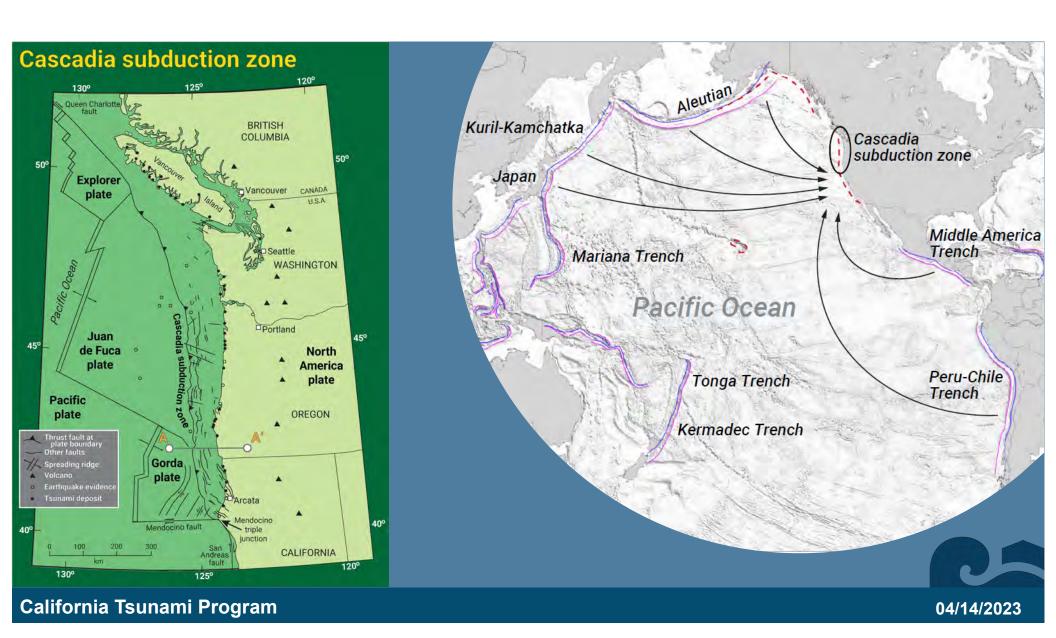
Distant source tsunamis

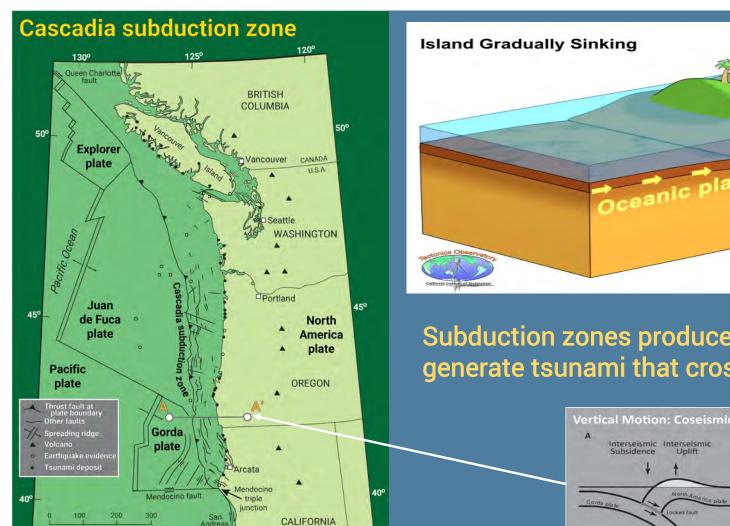
- Earthquake will not be felt
- Tsunami can arrive in 4-13 hours
- There will be time for official notifications to go out

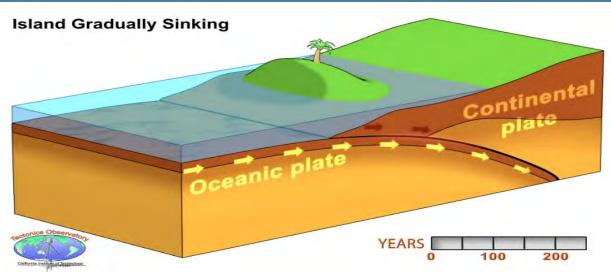


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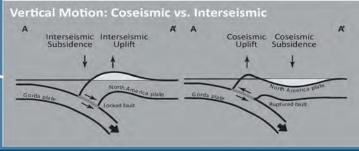
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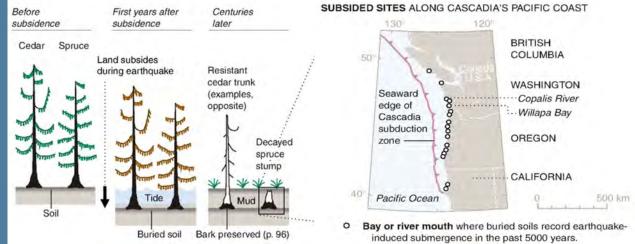
Subduction zones produce earthquakes that can generate tsunami that cross the Pacific ocean







Scientists have geologic evidence that the CSZ has generated over 40 earthquakes in the past 10,000 years. The most recent earthquake and tsunami was in January 1700.



Atwater & Satake, 2005

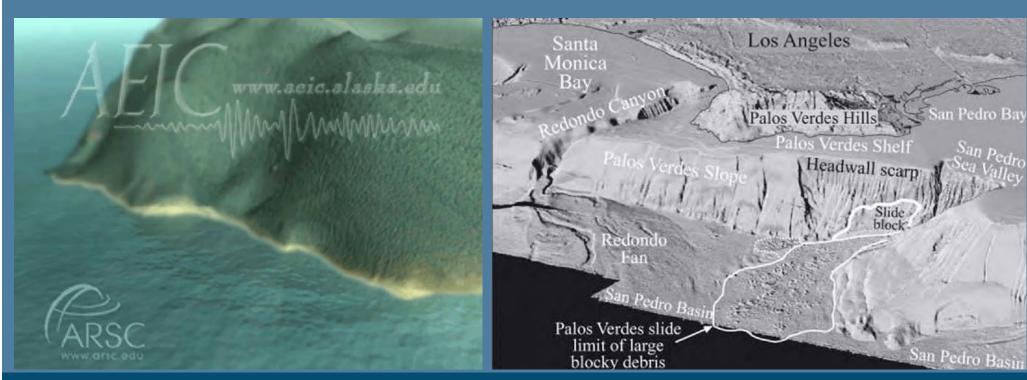


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Local Source Tsunami

Local tsunami can be generated by the sudden movement of offshore faults and by submarine or coastal landslides



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Department of Conservation



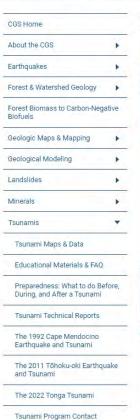






Q Search





Information

Geologic Reviews

Tsunamis

Announcing Updated and New Tsunami Products





California Tsunami Preparedness Guide

Appropriate for all ages, our updated multimedia guide is packed with videos, images, and maps. September is National Preparedness Month...this is a good time to determine if you live in, work in, or visit a Tsunami Hazard Area, and to prepare for a tsunami.



JANUARY 31, 2022

The Tonga Tsunami of January 15, 2022

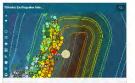
Our summary of effects in California, and the state's response.



MARCH 11, 2021

California Remembers the 2011 Tōhoku-oki Earthquake and Tsunami

Our three-part retrospective examines the 2011 event, and the lessons California learned that are helping us prepare for the next one.



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A scientific perspective of the event, including details of what happened in Japan and subsequently in California.



















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Earthquakes

Forest & Watershed Geology Forest Biomass to Carbon-Negative

Geologic Maps & Mapping

Tsunami Maps & Data Educational Materials & FAQ Preparedness: What to do Before, During, and After a Tsunami Tsunami Technical Reports The 1992 Cape Mendocino Earthquake and Tsunami

The 2011 Tōhoku-oki Earthquake

The 2022 Tonga Tsunami

Tsunami Program Contact

and Tsunami

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Geological Modeling

Landslides

Minerals

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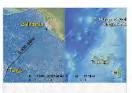


cover the counties of San Diego, Ventura, Santa Cruz, Marin, Sonoma, Napa, and Solano.



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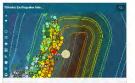
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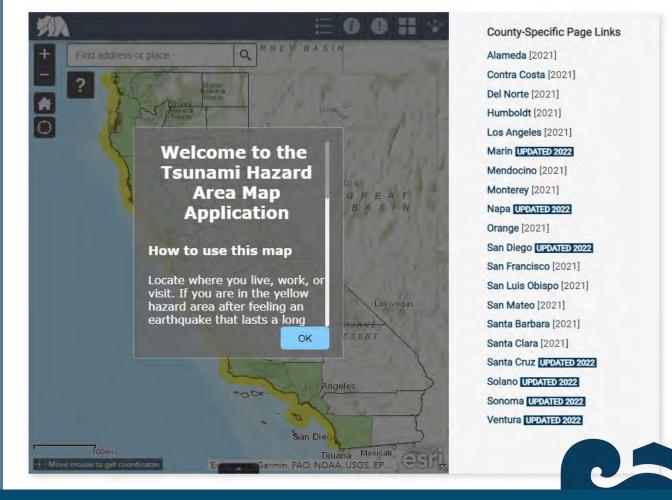


- Updated tsunami hazard maps were updated using the best currently available scientific information.
- Maps assist the public and local governments in identifying their tsunami hazard for evacuation planning.
- Use the "find address" box to see if the areas you work, live, visit, or commute are in a Tsunami Hazard Area.

tsunami.ca.gov/map



California Tsunami Maps and Data



San Diego County Tsunami Hazard Areas

Explore your area of interest in the map below. You may also OPEN THE MAP IN A NEW WINDOW IT



What to do Before, During, and After a Tsunami in San Diego County

- San Diego County Emergency Services Website
- Make sure everyone in your home is prepared.
 Register your cell phone number and email address with AlertSanDiego, the County's emergency mass notification system. Emergency responders use AlertSanDiego to send evacuation and important incident information during an emergency in your area.
- Ready.gov: Tsunamis summarizes how to Prepare NOW, Survive DURING, and Be Safe AFTER.
- TsunamiZone.org offers suggestions and resources for your family or organization to "know your zone" and to learn how to be safe.
- The Earthquake Country Alliance develops resources and organizes activities to improve earthquake and tsunami preparedness, mitigation and resiliency. The ECA offers a host of free booklets and other materials in multiple languages.

Each County Tsunami Hazard Map has its own web page with additional local resources listed.

tsunami.ca.gov/map













Q





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Forest Biomass to Carbon-Negative

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Landslides	•
Minerals	•
Tsunamis	-

Tsunami Maps & Data

Educational Materials & FAQ

Preparedness: What to do Before, During, and After a Tsunami

Tsunami Technical Reports

The 1992 Cape Mendocino Earthquake and Tsunami

The 2011 Tōhoku-oki Earthquake and Tsunami

The 2022 Tonga Tsunami

Tsunami Program Contact Information

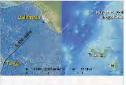
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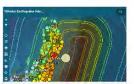
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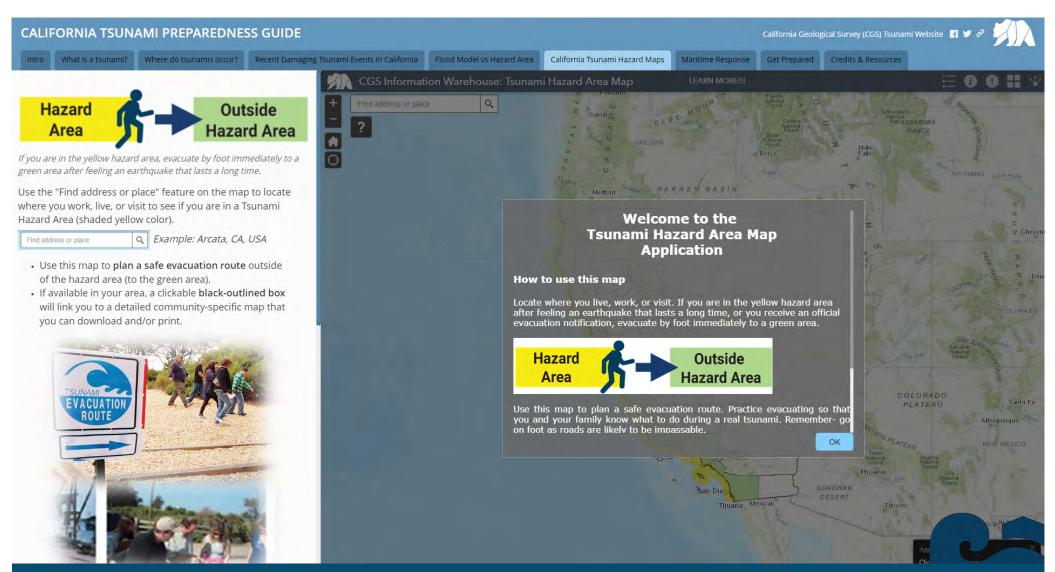


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California Tsunami Program

CALIFORNIA TSUNAMI PREPAREDNESS GUIDE

California Geological Survey (CGS) Tsunami Website 🧃 🔰



Intro What is a tsunami? Where do tsunamis occur? Recent Damaging Tsunami Events in California Flood Model vs Hazard Area California Tsunami Hazard Maps

Maritime Response

Get Prepared Credits & Resources

Tsunami Preparedness Information for Recreational and Commercial Boaters

The information provided here is meant to help educate recreational and commercial boaters about how they should prepare BEFORE the next tsunami arrives on our coast. Watch the included videos and download the boaters brochure and informational poster in this section to help you prepare.

In addition, the California Tsunami Program is working with the State's maritime communities to provide more detailed maps and guidance that will help them improve their tsunami planning.

· Tsunami Preparedness Brochure for Recreational and Commercial Boaters

Boat Captain Lessons Learned

Video link: https://youtu.be/QEr_ZiVeAKw



A fisherman attempted to escape the 2011 tsunami in his boat as the tsunami was impacting the coast at Crescent City. He was lucky and was able to navigate out of the harbor, but just barely. He learned a lesson and in this video shares his experience to help educate others to never risk their lives as he did.

Boat Captain Lessons Learned Video Credit: National Weather Service Weather Forecast Office Eureka, CA, http://weather.gov/eka



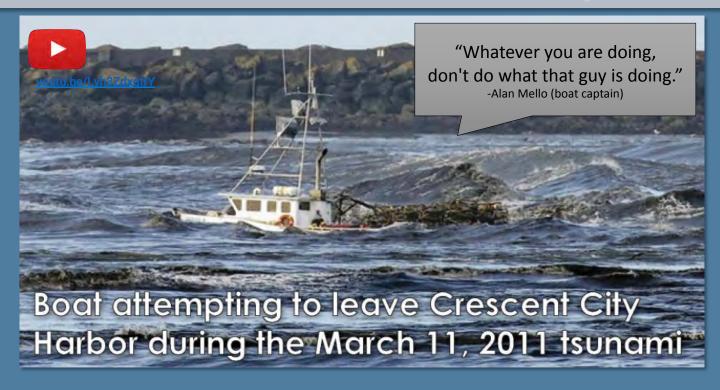
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The west coast of the U.S. will experience damaging tsunamis in the future.

The Tōhoku event provided valuable lessons to help California plan for the next tsunami.

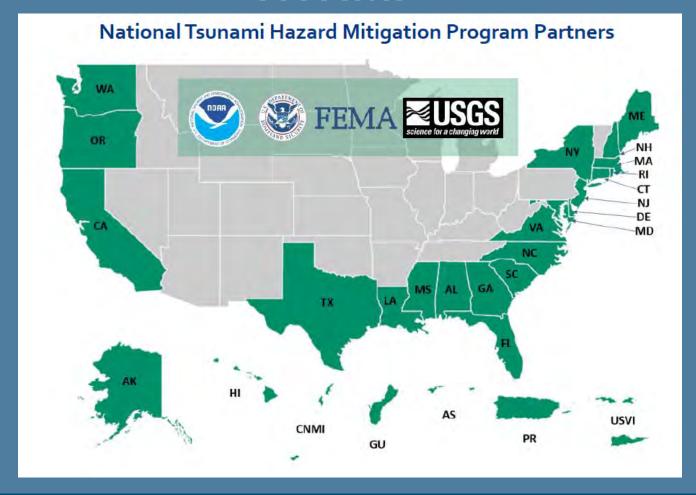


Additional Tsunami Maritime Safety Information



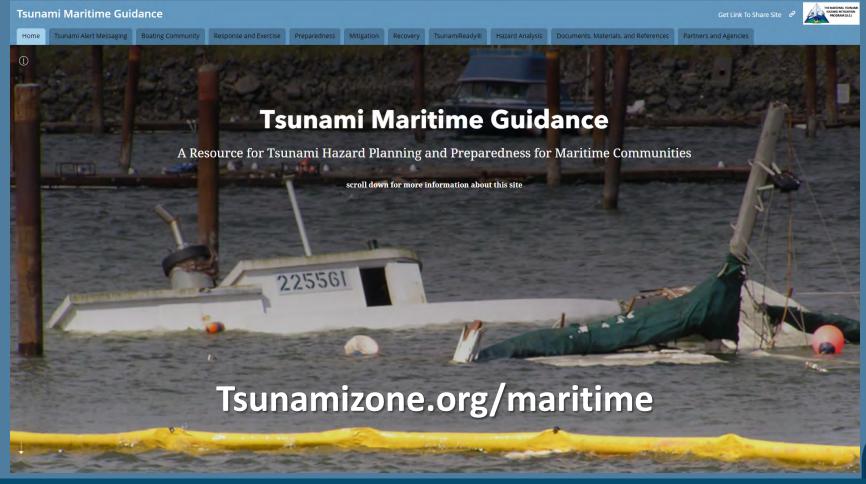
Get in touch for more info about Maritime Info.

NTHMP





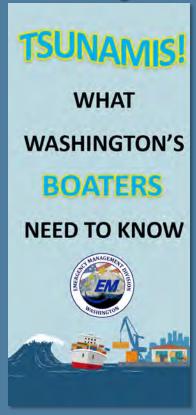
Tsunami Maritime Information





Tsunami Information for the Boating Community

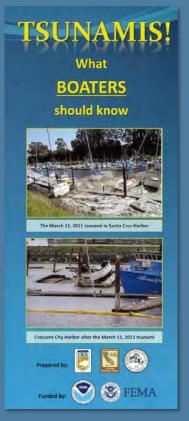
Washington



Oregon



California





Tsunami Response Guidance



General Recommendations for Recreational and Commercial Boaters: It is NOT recommended that boaters try to take vessels offshore before or during a tsunami. And, if they are offshore, they should not try to re-enter the harbor until the harbor master or port captain indicates it is safe to do so.

LARGE LOCAL-SOURCE TSUNAMI - Tsunami may arrive in 10-15 minutes

LARGE DISTANT-SOURCE TSUNAMI - Tsunami arrival at least two-hours away

Table of specific regional guidance for minimum offshore safe depths for maritime vessel evacuation prior to the arrival of tsunami shown at right.

Disclaimer: The members of the National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program (NTHMP) make no representation or warranties regarding the accuracy of the information provided nor the data from which this information was derived. The NTHMP nor any Federal Agency, state, or territory shall be liable under any circumstances for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages with respect to any claim by any user or any third party on account of or arising from the use of this information. The user takes full responsibilities for their decisions and actions.

Download the document: Guidance for Safe Minimum Offshore Depth for Vessel Movement for Tsunamis

State/Territory	(ships in harbor)*	Local Source (ships at sea)*	Notes on this Update
California	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; evaluating potential safe areas within large bays and ports
Oregon	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; also evaluating Columbia River
Alaska	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; ships should be at least 1/2 mile from shore for all scenarios
Washington	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; evaluating special conditions exist inside Puget Sound
Hawaii	50 fathoms	50 fathoms	Evaluated; implemented in Coast Guard response plans at some locations
American Samoa	50 fathoms	50 fathoms	Evaluating, guidance from others
Puerto Rico	50 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated
USVI	50 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluating; possibly follow PR
Guam	50 fathoms	100 fathoms	Coordinated with USCG Guam Sector
CNMI	50 fathoms	100 fathoms	Coordinated with USCG Guam Sector
Gulf Coast States		100 fathoms	Evaluating; issues with long, shallow shelf complicate getting beyond safe depth
East Coast States		100 fathoms	Evaluating; issues with long, shallow shelf complicate getting beyond safe depth

^{*} Ships also recommended to be a minimum of 1/2 mile from shore or fringing reef

Before you leave safe harbor, Remember to ask yourself if you will be

S.A.F.E





SIZE of the tsunami.

For most harbors in California, it is safer to keep your boat docked during a tsunami because most tsunamis are relatively small.



ARRIVAL time of tsunami.

Do you have enough time to safely evacuate the tsunami hazard area? Know how long it takes your boat to get to deep water (30 fathoms or 180 feet depth).



FITNESS of the boat and its captain.

Are you mentally and physically prepared to remain offshore for 24 hours or longer? Do you have adequate supplies such as water, shelter, food, and fuel?



ENVIRONMENTAL conditions.

Weather conditions at sea could be as dangerous as the tsunami itself.

In a distant source tsunami, more than 3 hours before the time of tsunami arrival, the boat owner may consider taking their boat offshore if they follow these S.A.F.E. guidelines. Do not go offshore unless you are very sure that you can get 30 fathoms (180 feet) before the tsunami arrives.



What's the Playbook Purpose?



Evacuation Playbooks (Phase 1, 2, 3,

Maximum ant-source events with time to prepare for secondary/smaller evacuation

• More than 3-4 hours to prepare



Maritime Playbooks (Plan A, B, C, D, E)

- For all ports, harbors, and marinas susceptible to tsunami damage
- · Help maritime officials assess their harbor hazard and develop response/mitigation strategies
- Response plans should only be used if sufficient time exists for strengthening harbor infrastructure and for relocating vessels

What are Playbook Phases?

Evacuation Playbooks



Simple and straightforward response options for tsunami evacuation/response.



California Tsunami Program

Invitation to Participate in Study on Quantifying Tsunami Vulnerability of Small Harbors in California

This project is grant-funded by FEMA to help small-boat harbors in California take advantage of harbor improvement funding opportunities.

Harbor Improvement Reports may be used for...

- Pre-disaster recovery planning (identifying areas where damage may occur, anticipated location of sediment scour/transport, and post-event accumulation of debris)
- Port Management Plans (reducing exposure of essential facilities and infrastructure to hazards)
- General Plan-Safety Elements
- Local Coastal Plans
- Long-term planning

If you are interested in participating in this program, please reach out to CGS Engineering Geologist Nick Graehl, the lead for this program.

Nicholas.Graehl@conservation.ca.gov



California Tsunami Program



Understanding Tsunami Hazards in California

Even though large tsunamis are rare, the entire California coast is at risk.

California has a history of damaging tsunamis which have resulted in loss of life and severe damage to harbor and coastal areas.

Awareness, planning, and preparedness can save lives and keep communities resilient.



